Monitoring of changes in the water surface and wetland area of the Aral Sea and the Aral Region

SIC ICWC made monitoring of changes in the Aral Sea and the Aral Region by using the Landsat 8 OLI images. The images got on 16 October 2020 allowed having wetland and open water surface areas within the boundaries of the Aral Region and the Aral Sea.



Figure 1. Western and Eastern parts of the Aral Sea. Landsat 8, 16 October 2020

Table 1

	25.05.2020	10.06.2020	28.07.2020	20.08.2020	14.09.2020	16.10.2020	
	Western part of the Aral Sea, ha						
Wetland	312 359	314 138	317 639	320543.7	318 593	327 267	
Water surface	248 993	247 212	243 710	240806.5	242 757	234 087	
	Eastern part of the Aral Sea, ha						
Wetland	1431 090	1445300	1462442	1474628	1478 120	1483 932	
Water surface	65 733	51 523	34 381	22 195	18 703	12 892	
	April	May	June	July	August	September	
Water quota	594	181	337	480	391	370	
Inflow to the Aral Region, Mm ³ /month	217	210	193	187	126	107	

The area of wetlands and open water surfaces in the Western and Eastern parts of the Aral Sea



Figure 2 The Aral Region, Landsat 8, 16 October 2020

Table 2

Areas of wetlands in the	he Aral Region, ha
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Water body	25.05.2020	10.06.2020	28.07.2020	20.08.2020	14.09.2020	16.10.2020
Sudoche	47471.64	51796.53	60811.51	62688.82	63465.16	62736.88
Mejdureche	32105.02	34195.34	35012.09	36047.27	36777.53	37020.8
Rybache	8874.27	9087.16	9547.38	9727.92	9662.22	9503.55
Muynak	15151.95	15559.56	15935.52	15944.85	15981.84	15939.36
Djiltyrbas dam-terminated	42580.52	42792.12	42816.06	42630.3	42742.08	41931.81
Djiltyrbas (together						
with former right	97239.29	98263.85	98843.05	98876.3	98873.33	98650.94
and left streams)						
Dumalak	15978.9	16031.46	16048.38	16049.19	16050	16050
Makpalkul	8282.22	8550.71	8408.69	8456.21	8633.42	8646.2
Mashan Karadjar	26539.18	26861.97	29976.45	27046.65	27021.63	26881.5
Water surface						
southward	9605	9605	9605	9605	9605	9605
of Muynak						
Water surface						
along	4751	4751.5	4751.5	4751.5	4751.5	4751
Kazakhdarya river	1751					
channel						
Zakirkol	2783.17	2788.24	2788.3	2791.3	2791.3	2791.3
Total:	311 862.7	320 283.4	331 540.9	334 615.3	336 355.01	334 508.8

Water body	25.05.2020	10.06.2020	28.07.2020	20.08.2020	14.09.2020	16.10.2020
Sudoche	24725.4	20900.5	11885.5	10008.2	9231.84	9960.12
Mejdureche	5678.98	3588.66	2771.91	1736.73	1006.47	763.2
Rybache	2618.73	2405.84	1945.62	1765.08	1830.78	1989.45
Muynak	1012.05	604.44	231.48	219.15	182.16	224.64
Djiltyrbas dam-terminated	4891.87	4680.27	4656.33	4842.09	4730.31	5540.58
Djiltyrbas (together with former right and left streams)	1711.71	687.15	107.95	74.7	77.67	300.06
Dumalak	71.1	18.54	1.62	0.81	0	0
Makpalkul	401.78	133.29	275.31	227.79	50.58	37.8
Mashan Karadjar	661.82	339.03	224.55	154.35	179.37	319.5
Water surface southward of Muynak	0	0	0	0	0	0
Water surface along Kazakhdarya river channel	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zakirkol	8.13	3.06	3	0	0	0
Total	41 781.53	33 360.75	22 103.5	19028.88	17 289.18	19 135.35

The area of open water surface in the Aral region, ha

Since 2019, SIC ICWC has been using a new methodology for detection of water surfaces and wetlands through the controlled classification (Automated Water Extraction Index, AWEI).

The boundaries of water bodies and wetlands (i.e. Sudoche lake system, Mejdureche reservoir, Makpalkul, Djiltyrbas reservoirs, etc.) digitized manually in 2016 were used as a 'conditional design' boundaries for statistics on the total open water surface and wetland area of these water bodies (i.e. total water body area = open water area + wetland area).

Such a method minimizes erroneous interpretation/digitization of an area under consideration as the water or land surface (e.g. if plants cover the water's surface). However, the problem of detecting wetlands, i.e. the possibility to distinguish them from land (dry, degraded land) remained open. Moreover, the wetland areas within the 2016 boundaries have changed considerably over the last years, mainly, towards shrinkage/drying (dry, degraded land replaced wetlands).

Therefore, in early 2022, we undertook a research to improve the 2019 methodology. To this end, we determined the threshold values of open water surface (water depth of 5-25 cm, depending on the rise or fall of water), wetlands (water depth of up to 5 cm, wet and moist soil), and non-water sites (all other land surfaces, except for open water and wetlands) for 10 spectral indices (including NDVI and AWEI).

Based on the research results, we selected the threshold values for NDVI (< -0.001 for open water, -0.001 \div 0.05 for wetland, and > 0.05 for other land surfaces) for further classification of water sites.

By present, the information for 2020 and 2021 have been updated on the base of the improved methodology. In this context, differences can be found when making comparison with the data for the past years.

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